

The University of Georgia
Common Data Set for 2003-2004

Office of Institutional Research

Fall 2003

A. General Information

A0 Respondent Information (Not for Publication)

A0	Name:		
A0	Title:		
A0	Office:		
A0	Mailing Address:		
A0	City/State/Zip/Country:	Athens, GA 30602	
A0	Phone:	(706) 542-3000	
A0	Fax:		
A0	E-mail Address:		
A0	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site?	Yes	No
			X
A0	If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:		

A1 Address Information

A1	Name of College/University:	The University of Georgia
A1	Mailing Address:	
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Athens, Georgia 30602
A1	Street Address (if different):	
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	
A1	Main Phone Number:	(706) 542-3000
A1	WWW Home Page Address:	
A1	Admissions Phone Number:	(706) 542-8776
A1	Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	
A1	Admissions Office Mailing Address:	Terrell Hall
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Athens, Georgia 30602
A1	Admissions Fax Number:	706-542-1466
A1	Admissions E-mail Address:	undergrad@admissions.uga.edu
A1	Is there a separate URL application site on the Internet? If so, please specify:	www.admissions.uga.edu/app info

A2 Source of institutional control (Check only one):

A2	Public	X
A2	Private (nonprofit)	
A2	Proprietary	

A3 Classify your undergraduate institution:

A3	Coeducational college	X
A3	Men's college	
A3	Women's college	

A4 Academic year calendar:

A4	Semester	X
A4	Quarter	
A4	Trimester	
A4	4-1-4	
A4	Continuous	
A4	Differs by program (describe):	
A4	Other (describe):	

A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

A5	Certificate	
A5	Diploma	
A5	Associate	X
A5	Transfer Associate	
A5	Terminal Associate	
A5	Bachelor's	X
A5	Postbachelor's certificate	
A5	Master's	X
A5	Post-master's certificate	X
A5	Doctoral	X
A5	First professional	X
A5	First professional certificate	

EdS

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1 Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2003.

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	2,002	3,146	10	19
Other first-year, degree-seeking	500	509	27	38
All other degree-seeking	7,336	9,321	973	1,093
<i>Total degree-seeking</i>	9,838	12,976	1,010	1,150
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	38	119	54	230
<i>Total undergraduates</i>	9,876	13,095	1,064	1,380
First-Professional				
First-time, first-professional students	189	304	2	9
All other first-professionals	375	629	13	20
<i>Total first-professional</i>	564	933	15	29
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	645	854	107	222
All other degree-seeking	1,307	1,581	560	1,027
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	42	46	132	399
<i>Total graduate</i>	1,994	2,481	799	1,648
Total all undergraduates				25,415
Total all graduate and professional students				8,463
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS				33,878

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2003. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	24	187	248
Black, non-Hispanic	279	1,205	1,189
American Indian or Alaskan Native		34	34
Asian or Pacific Islander	6	1,059	1,046
Hispanic	278	433	431
White, non-Hispanic	111	22,056	21,968
Race/ethnicity unknown	4,479		499
TOTAL	5,177	24,974	25,415

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003

B3	Certificate/diploma	
B3	Associate degrees	
B3	Bachelor's degrees	5,702
B3	Postbachelor's certificates	
B3	Master's degrees	1,435
B3	Post-Master's certificates	
B3	Doctoral degrees	414
B3	First professional degrees	384
B3	First professional certificates	

7,935

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2003 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 1997 cohort if available. If fall 1997 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 1996 cohort.

Fall 1997 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1997. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1997.

B4	Initial 1997 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	4,341
B5	Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B6	Final 1997 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	4,341
B7	Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2001):	1,738
B8	Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2001 and by August 31, 2002):	1,149
B9	Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2002 and by August 31, 2003):	231
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	3,118
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 1997 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	72%

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Fall 1996 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1996. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1996.

B4	Initial 1996 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	3,663
B5	Of the initial 1996 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	3
B6	Final 1996 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	3,660
B7	Of the initial 1996 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2000):	1,562
B8	Of the initial 1996 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2000 and by August 31, 2001):	
B9	Of the initial 1996 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2001 and by August 31, 2002):	
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	2,606
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 1996 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	71%

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2000 cohort if available. If 2000 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 1999 cohort.

2000 Cohort

B12	Initial 2000 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

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1999 Cohort

B12	Initial 1999 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 1999 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2002 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2002 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2003?	93%
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C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2003. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	4,855	11,813
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	6,958	

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	3,430	8,885
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	5,455	

C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	1,996	
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	18	

C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	3,144	
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	32	

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

	Yes	No
C2 Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?		X
C2 If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2003 admissions:		
C2 Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list		
C2 Number accepting a place on the waiting list		
C2 Number of wait-listed students admitted		

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

C3	High school diploma is required and GED is accepted	X
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted	
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

C4	Require	X
C4	Recommend	
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units Required	Units Recommended
C5	Total academic units	20	
C5	English	4	
C5	Mathematics	4	
C5	Science	3	
C5	Of these, units that must be lab	2	
C5	Foreign language	2	
C5	Social studies	3	
C5	History		
C5	Academic electives	4	
C5	Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

C6	Open admission policy as described above for all students	
C6	Open admission policy as described above for most students, but--	
C6	selective admission for out-of-state students	
C6	selective admission to some programs	
C6	other (explain)	

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

C7		Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
C7	Academic				
C7	Secondary school record	X			
C7	Class rank			X	
C7	Recommendation(s)			X	
C7	Standardized test scores	X			
C7	Essay			X	
C7	Nonacademic				
C7	Interview				X
C7	Extracurricular activities			X	
C7	Talent/ability				
C7	Character/personal qualities				
C7	Alumni/ae relation				X
C7	Geographical residence				X
C7	State residency				X
C7	Religious affiliation/commitment				X
C7	Minority status				X
C7	Volunteer work			X	
C7	Work experience				X

SAT and ACT Policies

C8 Entrance exams

		Yes	No
C8A	Does your institution make use of SAT I, SAT II, or ACT scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants?	X	

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission.

	ADMISSION				
	Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if Submitted	Not Used
C8A	SAT I				
C8A	ACT				
C8A	SAT I or ACT (no preference)	X			
C8A	SAT I or ACT--SAT I preferred				
C8A	SAT I or ACT--ACT preferred				
C8A	SAT I and SAT II				
C8A	SAT I and SAT II or ACT				
C8A	SAT II				

C8A In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for placement or counseling?

	Yes	No
C8A		
C8A	X	
C8A		

C8B Does your institution use the SAT I or II or the ACT for **placement only**? If so, please mark the appropriate boxes below:

	PLACEMENT		
	Require	Recommend	Require for Some
C8B	SAT I		
C8B	SAT II		
C8B	ACT		
C8B	SAT I or ACT		

C8C	Latest date by which SAT I or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission	February 1, 2004
C8C	Latest date by which SAT II scores must be received for fall-term admission	February 1, 2004

C8D If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):

C8D

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in fall 2003, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2003 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores.** Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores should be recentered scores. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	95%	Number submitting SAT scores	4747
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	33%	Number submitting ACT scores	1692

C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile
C9	SAT I Verbal	550	650
C9	SAT I Math	560	650
C9	ACT Composite	23	28
C9	ACT English	22	28
C9	ACT Math	23	27

C9 Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

C9		SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
C9	700-800	10.00%	10.00%
C9	600-699	46.00%	42.00%
C9	500-599	38.00%	41.00%
C9	400-499	5.00%	7.00%
C9	300-399	1.00%	0.00%
C9	200-299	0.00%	0.00%
C9	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%

C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9	30-36	11.00%	19.00%	10.00%
C9	24-29	59.00%	47.00%	56.00%
C9	18-23	29.00%	31.00%	31.00%
C9	12-17	1.00%	3.00%	2.00%
C9	6-11			1.00%
C9	Below 6			
C9	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	43%
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	78%
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	98%
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	2%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high school class rank:	

Top half +
bottom half = 100%

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C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher	96.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99	4.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0.00%
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%
C12	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.64%
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:	99.50%

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

C13		Yes	No
C13	Does your institution have an application fee?	X	
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$50.00	
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	X	

C14 Application closing date

C14		Yes	No
C14	Does your institution have an application closing date?	X	
C14	Application closing date (fall):	2/1	
C14	Priority date:		

C15		Yes	No
C15	Are first-time freshmen accepted for terms other than the fall?	X	

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

C16	On a rolling basis beginning (date):	
C16	By (date):	4/1/2003
C16	Other:	

C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)

C17	Must reply by (date):	5/1
C17	No set date:	
C17	Must reply by May 1 or within _____ weeks if notified thereafter	
C17	Other:	

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C18 Deferred admission

C18		Yes	No
C18	Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?		X
C18	If yes, maximum period of postponement:		

C19 Early admission of high school students

C19		Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?	X	

C20 Common Application

C20		Yes	No
C20	Will you accept the Common Application distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals if submitted?		X
C20	If "yes," are supplemental forms required?		
C20	Is your college a member of the Common Application Group?		

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21 Early Decision

C21		Yes	No
C21	Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?		X

C21 If "yes," please complete the following:

C21	First or only early decision plan closing date	
C21	First or only early decision plan notification date	
C21	Other early decision plan closing date	
C21	Other early decision plan notification date	

C21 **For the Fall 2003 entering class:**

C21	Number of early decision applications received by your institution	
C21	Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan	

C21 Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:

--

C22 Early action

C22		Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date B27but do not have to commit to attending your college?	X	

C22 If "yes," please complete the following:

C22	Early action closing date	11/1
C22	Early action notification date	12/15

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

		Yes	No
D1	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	X	
D1	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	X	

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2003.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
D2	Men		
D2	Women		
D2	Total	3,352	1,182

Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

D3	Fall	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
D3	Winter	
D3	Spring	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
D3	Summer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

		Yes	No
D4	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?	x	
D4	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?	30	

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
D5	High school transcript			X	
D5	College transcript(s)	X			
D5	Essay or personal statement				X
D5	Interview				X
D5	Standardized test scores			X	
D5	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	X			

D6 If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

D7 If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

3.2 for Soph 2.5 for Jr

D8 List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

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D9 List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall	6/1				X
D9	Winter					
D9	Spring	10/1				X
D9	Summer	4/1				X

D10		Yes	No
D10	Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?		X

D11 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

Transfer Credit Policies

D12	Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:	D
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D13		Number	Unit Type
D13	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:	60	Semester Hrs

D14		Number	Unit Type
D14	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:	100	Semester Hrs

D15	Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:	
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D16	Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:	40.00
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D17 Describe other transfer credit policies:

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	X
E1	Cooperative (work-study) program	X
E1	Cross-registration	X
E1	Distance learning	X
E1	Double major	X
E1	Dual enrollment	X
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	X
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	X
E1	External degree program	
E1	Honors Program	X
E1	Independent study	X
E1	Internships	X
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	X
E1	Student-designed major	X
E1	Study abroad	X
E1	Teacher certification program	X
E1	Weekend college	
E1	Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

E3	Arts/fine arts	X
E3	Computer literacy	
E3	English (including composition)	X
E3	Foreign languages	X
E3	History	X
E3	Humanities	X
E3	Mathematics	X
E3	Philosophy	
E3	Sciences (biological or physical)	X
E3	Social science	
E3	Other (describe):	

Library Collections

Report the number of holdings at the end of the 2002-03 fiscal year for each of the categories below. Refer to the Academic Libraries Survey, Section D "Library Collections," lines 22-26, column 2 for corresponding equivalents.

E4	Books, serial backfiles, and other paper materials (including government documents) [line 22]:	3955004
E5	Current serial subscriptions [line 26]:	51599
E6	Microforms [line 24]:	6418558
E7	Audiovisual materials [line 25]:	
E8	E-books [line 23]:	

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in fall 2003 who fit the following categories:

F1		First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens)		11%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities		18%
F1	Percent of women who join sororities		22%
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing		29%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute		71%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older		7%
F1	Average age of full-time students		
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)		20

F2 Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

F2	Choral groups	X
F2	Concert band	X
F2	Dance	X
F2	Drama/theater	X
F2	Jazz band	X
F2	Literary magazine	X
F2	Marching band	X
F2	Music ensembles	X
F2	Musical theater	X
F2	Opera	X
F2	Pep band	X
F2	Radio station	X
F2	Student government	X
F2	Student newspaper	X
F2	Student-run film society	X
F2	Symphony orchestra	X
F2	Television station	X
F2	Yearbook	X

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:	X		
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:			
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:	X		

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F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

F4	Coed dorms	X
F4	Men's dorms	X
F4	Women's dorms	X
F4	Apartments for married students	X
F4	Apartments for single students	X
F4	Special housing for disabled students	X
F4	Special housing for international students	X
F4	Fraternity/sorority housing	X
F4	Cooperative housing	X
F4	Other housing options (specify):	Transfer, Honors, and Language focused

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2004-2005 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

	Check here if your institution's 2004-2005 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2004-2005 academic year costs of attendance will be available: <u>15-May</u>
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G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2004-2005 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	First-Year	Undergraduates
G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS Tuition:	
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Tuition: In-district	
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-state (out-of-district):	
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Out-of-state:	
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS Tuition:	
G1	REQUIRED FEES:	
G1	ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)	
G1	ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)	
G1	BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)	
G1	Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):	
G1	Other:	

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G2		Minimum	Maximum
G2	Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition		

G3		Yes	No
G3	Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?		

G4	If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly:
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G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5		Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies			
G5	Room only			
G5	Board only			
G5	Transportation			
G5	Other expenses			

G6 Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges

G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-state (out-of-district):	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Out-of-state:	
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (**using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking undergraduates"**) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2002-2003 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2002-2003 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns.** (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

H1		2003-2004 estimated	2002-2003 final
H1	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:	X	
H3	Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?		
H3	Federal methodology (FM)		
H3	Institutional methodology (IM)		
H3	Both FM and IM		
H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need-based \$ (Exclude non-need-based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$9,427,188	\$403,671
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$18,914,542	\$53,632,347
H1	Institutional (endowment, alumni, or other institutional awards) and external funds awarded by the college excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	\$433,246	\$2,535,688
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$926,727	\$2,155,905
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$29,701,703	\$58,727,611
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$18,058,190	\$16,216,868
H1	Federal Work-Study	\$1,236,788	
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)		
H1	Total Self-Help	\$19,294,978	\$16,216,868
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans	\$1,858,142	\$6,801,948
H1	Tuition Waivers <small>Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.</small>	\$1,035,639	\$6,583,743
H1	Athletic Awards	\$1,084,470	\$3,113,654

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H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2003 cohort)	5141	22933	2141
H2	b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	3269	10729	872
H2	c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	1151	6308	642
H2	d) Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	1493	6166	585
H2	e) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	1428	5332	434
H2	f) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	677	3877	428
H2	g) Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	471	1143	38
H2	h) Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	589	2005	93
H2	i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	78.6%	73.1%	58.6%
H2	j) The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 7,183	\$ 7,323	\$ 5,766
H2	k) Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line e	\$ 6,203	\$ 5,664	\$ 3,737
H2	l) Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f	\$ 2,850	\$ 3,911	\$ 4,185
H2	m) Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 2,540	\$ 3,771	\$ 4,133

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H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional--not external--non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	311	1201	31
H2A	o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 1,909	\$ 1,927	\$ 510
H2A	p) Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	97	357	2
H2A	q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$ 7,392	\$ 8,706	\$ 2,823

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

H4	Provide the percentage of the 2003 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003 and borrowed at any time through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include only students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.	47%
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H5	Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4. Do not include money borrowed at other institutions:	\$13,193
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Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6 Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

H6	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	
H6	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	
H6	Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available	

H6	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	
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H6	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:	
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H6	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:	
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Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H7 Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:

H7	FAFSA	X
H7	Institution's own financial aid form	
H7	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	
H7	State aid form	X
H7	Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement	
H7	Business/Farm Supplement	
H7	Other (specify):	

H8 Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

H8	Institution's own financial aid form	
H8	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	
H8	Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application	
H8	Foreign Student's Certification of Finances	
H8	Other (specify):	

H9 Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:

H9	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:	3/1
H9	Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:	8/2
H9	No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):	

H10 Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):

H10	a) Students notified on or about (date):		
H10		Yes	No
H10	b) Students notified on a rolling basis:		
H10	If yes, starting date:		

H11 Indicate reply dates:

H11	Students must reply by (date):	
H11	or within _____ weeks of notification.	

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12 Loans

H12 FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)

H12	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans	X
H12	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans	X
H12	Direct PLUS Loans	X

H12 FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL)

H12	FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans	
H12	FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans	
H12	FFEL PLUS Loans	

H12	Federal Perkins Loans	X
H12	Federal Nursing Loans	
H12	State Loans	X
H12	College/university loans from institutional funds	
H12	Other (specify):	

H13 Scholarships and Grants

H13 NEED-BASED:

H13	Federal Pell	X
H13	SEOG	X
H13	State scholarships/grants	X
H13	Private scholarships	X
H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds	X
H13	United Negro College Fund	
H13	Federal Nursing Scholarship	
H13	Other (specify):	

H14 Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

H14		Non-Need Based	Need-Based
H14	Academics		
H14	Alumni affiliation		
H14	Art		
H14	Athletics		
H14	Job skills		
H14	ROTC		
H14	Leadership		
H14	Minority status		
H14	Music/drama		
H14	Religious affiliation		
H14	State/district residency		

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I1 Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2003.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research.

Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

- (a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine
- (b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,
- (c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like
- (d) faculty on leave without pay, and
- (e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

Part-time: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

I1		Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
I1	a) Total number of instructional faculty	1689	335	2024
I1	b) Total number who are members of minority groups	222	37	259
I1	c) Total number who are women	497	157	654
I1	d) Total number who are men	1192	178	1370
I1	e) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	104	18	122
I1	f) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree	1582	201	1783
I1	g) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	94	117	211
I1	h) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	12	17	29
I1	i) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	1	0	1

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2003 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

I2	Fall 2003 Student to Faculty ratio	18	to 1
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(* recalculated with correct student figure)

I3 Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2003 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2003. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

I3 Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

I3 Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	CLASS SECTIONS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
I3		168	830	943	442	221	193	180	2977

	CLASS SUB-SECTIONS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
I3									0

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003 (Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A)

J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates,

J1	Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 1990 Categories to Include	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture			2.33%	1 and 2	1
J1	Architecture			1.25%	4	4
J1	Area and ethnic studies			0.07%	5	5
J1	Biological/life sciences			6.65%	26	26
J1	Business/marketing			30.53%	8 and 52	52
J1	Communications/communication technologies			7.40%	9 and 10	9 and 10
J1	Computer and information sciences			1.14%	11	11
J1	Education			10.72%	13	13
J1	Engineering/engineering technologies			0.67%	14 and 15	14 and 15
J1	English			5.42%	23	23
J1	Foreign languages and literature			1.63%	16	16
J1	Health professions and related sciences			1.70%	51	51
J1	Home economics and vocational home economics			4.33%	19 and 20	19
J1	Interdisciplinary studies			0.44%	30	30
J1	Law/legal studies			0.00%	22	22
J1	Liberal arts/general studies			0.81%	24	24
J1	Library science			0.00%	25	25
J1	Mathematics			0.65%	27	27
J1	Military science and technologies			0.00%	28 and 29	29
J1	Natural resources/environmental science			0.79%	3	3
J1	Parks and recreation			1.02%	31	31
J1	Personal and miscellaneous services			0.00%	12	12
J1	Philosophy, religion, theology			0.67%	38 and 39	38 and 39
J1	Physical sciences			0.63%	40 and 41	40 and 41
J1	Protective services/public administration			1.95%	43 and 44	43 and 44
J1	Psychology			5.24%	42	42
J1	Social sciences and history			9.70%	45	45 and 54
J1	Trade and industry			0.00%	46, 47, 48, and 49	46, 47, 48, and 49
J1	Visual and performing arts			4.26%	50	50
J1	Other			0.00%		
J1	TOTAL (should = 100%)	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%		

<p>Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.</p>
<p>Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.</p>
<p>Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.</p>
<p>Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.</p>
<p>Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.</p>
<p>Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.</p>
<p>English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.</p>
<p>Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.</p>
<p>External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.</p>
<p>Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.</p>
<p>First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.</p>
<p>First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).</p>
<p>First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).</p>
<p>First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).</p>
<p>First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.</p>
<p>Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.</p>

<p>*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.</p>
<p>Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.</p>
<p>Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.</p>
<p>Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.</p>
<p>Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.</p>
<p>*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.</p>
<p>High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.</p>
<p>Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.</p>
<p>Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.</p>
<p>Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.</p>
<p>In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.</p>
<p>International student: See Nonresident alien.</p>
<p>Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.</p>
<p>*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.</p>
<p>*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).</p>
<p>Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.</p>
<p>Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.</p>
<p>Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.</p>
<p>*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.</p>
<p>Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.</p>
<p>*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.</p>
<p>Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.</p>

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.
Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.
Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.
*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.
Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.
Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.
Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—
<i>Less Than 1 Academic Year:</i> Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.
<i>At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years:</i> Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.
<i>At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years:</i> Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.
Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.
Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.
Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.
Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution .
Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.
Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.
Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.
Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.
Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.
*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

<p>*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.</p>
<p>Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.</p>
<p>Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).</p>
<p>Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).</p>
<p>Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.</p>
<p>Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.</p>
<p>Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.</p>
<p>Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.</p>
<p>*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.</p>
<p>Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).</p>
<p>Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.</p>
<p>Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.</p>
<p>Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.</p>
<p>Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.</p>
<p>Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.</p>
<p>Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.</p>
<p>*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.</p>
<p>Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).</p>
<p>Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.</p>

<p>*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.</p>
<p>*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.</p>
<p>Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.</p>
<p>Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.</p>
<p>Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.</p>
<p>White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).</p>
<p>*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.</p>
<p>Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.</p>
<p>Financial Aid Definitions</p>
<p>Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.</p>
<p>Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.</p>
<p>Institutional and external funds: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.</p>
<p>Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.</p>
<p>Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).</p>
<p>Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.</p>
<p>Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.</p>
<p>Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.</p>
<p>Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:</p>
<p>Non-need institutional grants</p>
<p>Non-need tuition waivers</p>
<p>Non-need athletic awards</p>
<p>Non-need federal grants</p>
<p>Non-need state grants</p>
<p>Non-need outside grants</p>
<p>Non-need student loans</p>
<p>Non-need parent loans</p>

Non-need work
Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.
Scholarships/grants from external sources: Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.
Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

CHANGES TO THE CDS FOR 2003-2004

NEW ITEMS

- A0. **Respondent Information:** This item collects respondent name and contact information in case questions arise. (This information will not be published.) It also requests the Web address of CDSs posted online for use by data collectors.

CHANGED ITEMS

- B4. - B21. **Graduation Rates:** Bachelor's or equivalent program data may be provided for the fall 1997 cohort else the fall 1996 cohort depending upon the timing of the data request and the availability of the data. Likewise for two-year institutions, data may be provided for the 2000 cohort else the 1999 cohort.
- E4. - E8. **Library Collections:** This item now references questions and definitions used in the most recent Academic Libraries Survey.
- H. **Financial Aid:**
Questions were reworded slightly for clarification. The term "gift aid" was replaced with "scholarship or grant aid" and "received" was replaced with "awarded."
In H1, the row heading "State (Scholarship/Grants)" was defined to include scholarships and grants from all states, not only the state in which your institution is located.
In H2b, the question was refined to include only students who applied for need-based financial aid.
In H2i, financial aid awarded in excess of need is to be excluded.
H2A "Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants" was refined to include only institutional aid.
- J. **Degrees Conferred:** CIP 2000's two-digit categories are now listed alongside those for CIP 1990.

ANNUAL UPDATES (e.g., changes to years, etc.)

- B. Enrollment and Persistence
C. First-time, First-Year (Freshman) Admission
D. Transfer Admission
F1. Student Life
G. Annual Expenses
H. Financial Aid
I. Instructional Faculty and Class Size
J. Degrees Conferred